

THE ARIZONA REPUBLICAN.

The Only Paper Between Galveston, Texas, and Los Angeles, California, that Publishes the Full Dispatches of the Associated Press.

VOL. I.

PHOENIX, THURSDAY MORNING, JULY 3, 1890.

NO. 467

RED LETTER DAY.

The House Passes the Federal Election Bill.

Springer Leads the Hopeless Democratic Opposition.

In the Senate, There Was a Lively Debate on the American Merchant Marine.

By the Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, July 2.—In the Senate Mr. Plumb, from the committee on public lands, reported the Senate bill to provide for the delivery of land patents. Statements were made by Mr. Plumb, Mr. Paddock and Mr. Berry that there were some 250,000 land patents accumulated in the general land office, for which the title had not been applied. The bill passed.

Mr. Hancock called up his motion to reconsider the vote by which the Senate yesterday refused to receive from the amendments to the legislative appropriation bill. The motion was agreed to and after debate the Senate receded from the amendments. The bill now goes to the president.

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of the two Senate bills reported from the committee on commerce to place the American merchant marine engaged in foreign trade upon an equality with that of other nations and to provide for an ocean mail and the security of the service between the United States and foreign ports and to promote the service.

Frye said the first bill was a bounty on tonnage and the second was known as the postal subsidy bill. He declared that unless Congress did something to aid American ships, and that specifically, that there would soon not be a single steamship line traversing the ocean carrying the American flag. At one time he was going to discuss the tariff in connection with these bills. There is, he said, referring to the American carrying trade a dead body. He wanted to know whether it was worth while to resurrect and bring life into it. He could not understand the innermost thought and feelings of the American citizen who could listen to a statement of the facts about our foreign carrying trade and not feel an impulse to go back and once more on the ocean to where the United States stood in such proud conspicuousness thirty years ago. The American carrying trade is dead for want of protection. It was the only great American industry of which the same could be said. The people of the United States had paid \$50,000,000 a year to keep alive the sugar growing industry of the United States; \$6,000,000 a year would revive the dead body of the American merchant marine and keep it on the ocean.

Mr. Vest addressed the Senate in opposition to subsidy bills. The foreign carrying trade was languishing and almost dead, but so was the cattle trade, and yet if he were to propose a subsidy for the cattle trade the proposition would be attacked as a monstrous error. He went on to speak of the Pan-American Congress as a "chestnut," a back number. It was half made up when the Harrison administration came into existence and the restless and ambitious spirit of the present Secretary of State seized upon it and concluded to parade it before the country as a great and phenomenal victory. The leaders of the Republican party had always advocated the necessity of doing away with foreign commerce. But a sudden and marvelous change had come. The Senator from Maine wanted to give subsidies to vessels in foreign trade so as to bring about increased trade, not only with the South American states, but also with all the European countries and the world at large. The effect, Mr. Vest said, of subsidizing any particular line was to discourage all others.

Mr. Vest yielded the floor without concluding his speech and Mr. Frye said he hoped to have the Senate act tomorrow on both bills as he intended to call up the river and harbor bill on Monday. An executive session ensued. Adjourned.

In the House.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—The House resumed the consideration of the Federal election bill, the pending question being on an amendment offered by Mr. Tucker of Virginia, requiring the judge of the Circuit Court, associated with the District Judge, to pass upon the application for Supervisors of election. Mr. Springer moved to lay the bill on the table. Lost, 149 to 152. Mr. Springer, before the vote was announced, changed from aye to no, and moved to reconsider. McKinley said no honor to a man back object to the bill. It was said the bill would be expensive, would cost millions; that assumed that the 330 districts of the country would invoke the operation of the law and there was not a man who did not know that not 100 districts would invoke its operations. They would diminish the cost of the administration of law in the ratio in which they diminish fraudulent voting, false counting, ballot box stuffing and the suppression of votes. (Republican applause.) It would cost nothing if there was no need for it. The question would not rest until justice was done. It was the supreme duty of the nation to enforce the constitution and the laws of the United States. Let the gentlemen on the other side obey them as the Republicans obeyed them, or he told them that the people of the North would not permit two votes in the South to count as much as five votes in the North. (Republican applause.)

Mr. McMillan, of Tennessee, said Republicans might, like madmen, grasp the pillars of the constitution and pull down the edifice, but like Samson they would perish in the work. If he could register a wish in heaven he would ask not for the extension of boundaries or

the multiplication of territory, not for flowing rivers and fertile fields, but that the man who laid violent hands upon the constitution might drop dead as did the sacrilegious Jew who laid his impious hand upon the Ark of the Covenant. (Democratic applause.)

Mr. Perkins, of Kansas, and Mr. La Follette, of Wisconsin, made eloquent pleas in favor of the bill. The hour of 2 o'clock having arrived, the speaker declared the previous question ordered on the bill and pending an amendment, Mr. Springer moved to lay the bill on the table. Lost—yeas, 148; nays, 116.

Mr. Springer changed his vote from the affirmative to the negative in order to move a reconsideration. This, upon the motion of Mr. Rowell was laid upon the table; yeas, 153; nays, 148.

Mr. Springer moved to lay the bill upon the table, stating his former motion was to table the bill, and pending the amendment the speaker ruled the motion out of order. Mr. Springer appealed and the appeal was laid on the table. Yeas, 158; nays, 146.

Mr. Springer having voted in the affirmative moved a reconsideration. Mr. Grosvenor made the point of order that this was a dilatory motion, a point which was sustained by the speaker. Mr. Springer appealed, but the speaker declined to entertain the appeal. Mr. Springer protested that this was the first time in the history of the government that a motion to reconsider was not recognized, but his voice was drowned in the calls for the regular order from the Republican side.

Mr. Springer moved to adjourn. Lost, yeas, 147; nays, 157.

The bill was then ordered engrossed and read a third time. Yeas, 157; nays, 148.

Mr. Hemphill moved to recommit the bill. Lost, yeas, 148; nays, 156.

Mr. Coleman and Mr. Lehlbach voted with the Democrats in the affirmative. Mr. Springer (having voted in the negative) moved a reconsideration. Tabled.

Mr. Outwaite moved an adjournment, which the Speaker ruled out as dilatory.

Mr. Springer demanded a reading of the engrossed bill. But the Speaker was prepared for this demand, the bill having been engrossed in advance, and a burst of applause came from the Republican side when the clerk began reading. Two hours were consumed in the reading.

The question then recurred on the passage of the bill.

As the call was in progress the greatest interest was manifested on both sides of the House.

As Mr. Coleman of Virginia cast his vote with the Democrats, he was greeted with applause from that side of the House, and the applause was reinforced with cheers when Lehlbach of New Jersey also cast his vote against the measure. The Republicans retaliated in kind, and as the Southern Republicans, Messrs. Hox, Taylor of Tennessee, Waddell, Mull of Maryland, and Wilson of Kansas recorded their votes in the affirmative, cheer after cheer was given.

The bill was passed. Yeas, 155; nays, 149.

The House then, at 29.5, adjourned.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

A FIELD DAY YESTERDAY FOR THE SMALLER ACTIONS.

The Wheel of Justice Flies Around with Accumulated Speed—Hansen Again Defeated in the Courts—Other Cases.

The case of Corner et al against Ford was tried and taken under advisement, attorneys to file briefs.

Hansen vs. Vail. Completed and judgment for defendant.

Butler vs. Shumaker. Tried and taken under advisement, attorneys to file briefs.

Sanchez vs. Slankard. Plaintiff took a non-suit at this own cost and case was dismissed.

King vs. Mauk. Dismissed at plaintiff's cost.

Burger vs. Shernan. Dismissed at plaintiff's cost.

Rogers vs. Boyer. Judgment rendered for plaintiff.

Kunkle vs. Collins. Judgment rendered for plaintiff.

Estate of Frank Fry, on appeal from Probate Court—Motion to dismiss on grounds of deficiency in papers was overruled and the clerk of Probate Court instructed to file a complete transcript of the records.

Holmes vs. City of Phoenix—Demurrer sustained and case dismissed. The demurrer approved by the Court set forth that under the charter granted to it the city shall not be responsible for any negligence or negligence of its officers or employees.

Gant vs. Wharton—Set for July 7. Plaintiff dismissed at his own cost.

Horrible Death.

STOCKTON, July 2.—John Bloom, a tailor, who has been employed here about two years, met with a horrible death last night. While intoxicated, he wandered into a lumber yard, and when last seen was walking around at 7 o'clock last night. This morning he was found dead in an outhouse, his legs projecting straight up into the air and but for the catching of his calves on the cross scantling he would have dropped through into the channel over which the outhouse stands. His chest and knees were pressed closely together and death resulted from suffocation. He was a German, aged about 66, and unmarried.

The Lottery Company Wins.

BATON ROUGE, July 2.—The Senate amendment to the Lottery bill was carried in by the House today by a vote of 68 to 25. The struggle is now over. The bill can now be passed over the Governor's veto, should one be written.

FOR THE PACIFIC.

The President Recommends Steamship Subsidies.

Laborers of the Pan-American Congress Materializing.

Maintenance of Two Steamship Lines—One Fast, One Slower—Urged on Congress.

By the Associated Press.]

WASHINGTON, July 2.—President Harrison today sent to Congress a message transmitting a letter from Secretary Blaine upon the reports adopted by the Pan-American conference respecting postal and cable communication between the United States and ports in Central and South America. In his letter the Secretary says in part: "Representatives of the various countries commend the cooperation of the various countries for the establishment of one or more subsidized steamship lines of the first class between San Francisco and Valparaiso and intermediate points, each country to pay its share proportionate to the population between the United States and the ports of Brazil, Uruguay and the Argentine Republic. It is recommended that a fast subsidized line be established and an auxiliary slower line between the United States and Brazil, to stop at minor points. The President, in the message, says he cannot too strongly urge upon Congress the necessity of giving this subject immediate and favorable consideration and making adequate appropriations to carry the recommendation into effect, and in this connection calls attention to what was said on the subject in his annual message.

King's Hotel Burned. PHOENIX, July 2.—This afternoon fire broke out in the rear and second floor of King's hotel, on Main street, and in a few minutes the whole building was in flames. The building is ruined. The owners, Ford and Chaplin, have \$1,000 insurance. J. L. King, the proprietor, is a heavy loser; insured for \$1,500.

KEELER'S CASE. Again Continued By the Prosecution For a Day.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—When the case of James W. Kerr, the foundryman who shot and killed Edward Coggon, the molder's apprentice, was called for examination in Judge Lawler's court this afternoon, another continuance until tomorrow afternoon was granted. The testimony taken at the inquest has not been transcribed. The matter of admitting Kerr to bail was argued and taken under advisement.

ADMISSION OF WYOMING. An Effort to Have the Bill Signed on July Fourth.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Representatives of the National American Woman Suffrage Association called upon the President to-day and asked him to sign the bill providing for the admission of Wyoming on the 4th of July. The Wyoming bill provides for political equality without distinction of sex and advocates woman suffrage. The Suffragists say they desire to celebrate the 4th of July in honor of this beginning of the Republic in connection with the events for which the day is already commemorated. It is the intention to have the Wyoming and Idaho bills sent to Cape May Point, where the President will pass the 4th, and request him to sign them there.

A Desperate Negro. WAREHOUSES, Ga., July 2.—Jim Wadley, a notorious negro, stole a revolver and a rifle from Sam McKeltnen, colored, at Barnesville, on Saturday and fled to Millwood. McKeltnen followed, swore out a warrant and in company with a justice of the peace and a constable went to serve it. Wadley opened fire, killing Justice Sparling and fatally wounding the constable. Cowart, McKeltnen then put a rifle ball and load of buckshot in Wadley's body. McKeltnen has not been arrested, his action being endorsed by every one.

Infuriated Musselmene. CONSTANTINOPLE, July 2.—Advices from Erzerum say that fifty persons lost their lives in the recent riot in that city. When the news of the fray between the Turkish soldiers and the Americans spread the whole Moslem population turned out and wildest disorder prevailed. The windows of the British and French consulates were smashed by the infuriated Musselmene. Business is now at a standstill.

REX II. The Royal Pageant at Ogden Yesterday.

OGDEN, Utah, July 2.—The Rocky Mountain Carnival commenced today. The royal train arrived shortly before noon from the east amid the booming of cannons and the cheers of the people. Rex, accompanied by a brilliant retinue and escorted by the Louisiana Rifles, was received by the mayor and tendered the freedom of the city. Speeches of welcome were made by Mayor Kiesel and Governor Thomas and responses were made by members of the royal party. A banquet, a parade and ball were given in the evening.

Italian Politics. ROME, July 2.—There was a great uproar in the Chamber of Deputies today on the second reading of the bill regarding the Municipal Council. Signors Inbriani and Ricotti complained that

the government stifled debate and Ricotti resigned his seat amid great excitement. Premier Crispi moved that the House elect a committee on the bill tomorrow and a government supporter began circulating among the proposed committee. His opponents raised such a row over this that the sitting was suspended. When the House met again Mr. Inbriani attempted to continue the reading of the list, but the uproar was renewed and the Chamber adjourned.

THE SITE SELECTED. The Worlds Fair of 1893 Will Be Held in Two Places.

CHICAGO, July 2.—The World's Fair National commission this afternoon formally accepted the joint-site, consisting of the Lake front and Jackson Park as the location for the Columbian Exposition, by a vote of 78 to 11. This conclusion was not reached without much discussion. In fact, when the question came up the opponents of this location as offered by the local board of directors seemed to number about as many as the advocates of it. Various resolutions and amendments expressive of the views of individual commissioners were offered but after the commissioners had listened to the detailed explanation of the directors a vote was taken on the proposition to accept the site as tendered with the result above given. Before this matter came up a communication was received from the National Dairy Association, asking such consideration be given to that interest as its financial magnitude warranted. A resolution that a committee on this interest be appointed, was referred to the committee on organization.

Costly Modern Wars. Of wars within the past half-century the cost has been as follows:

France and Algeria, 1830-47	\$ 100,000,000
France and Austria, 1859	22,000,000
The European Revolution in 1848	50,000,000
Prussia and Austria, in 1866	100,000,000
Our Civil War, 1861-65	3,700,000,000
Spain and Portugal, 1808-10	25,000,000
Brazil and Paraguay, 1864-70	200,000,000
France and Germany, 1870-71	1,500,000,000

Suppose these vast sums had been spent in religion, or education, or the improvement of the countries concerned—what a difference! If war were not heaven-defying wickedness, it would be Bedlamitish folly.

TUCSON BREVITIES.

THE BASE BALL CLUB WILL GO TO TOMSTONE ON THE FOURTH.

Decided Revival of Mining Interests in Pima County—Cattle Being Held for Better Prices—Shipments East.

Correspondence THE REPUBLICAN.

TUCSON, Ariz., July 1.—The members of the Tucson Base Ball club are looking forward to their trip to Tomstone, on the Fourth, with much pleasure, and feel quite confident of making a better showing than they did in the recent base ball tournament at Tucson, when they met and were defeated by the Tomstone club, several times. The fact that the Tucson club is composed of young men actively engaged in business pursuits, makes any very extensive practice out of the question, but the material of which the club is composed is good and the boys have a fair show to redeem themselves in the coming contest.

The mining outlook in the southern part of Pima county is particularly encouraging. Good strikes are being made and prospecting is being energetically pushed. A man is not fashionable to even look at the state of affairs in some live prospect, or has his men in the field, grub staked for a long enough period to secure success. The general activity in this direction speaks well for the future.

Tucson cattlemen are hard to deal with at present prices. Practically speaking there are no cattle in Pima county for sale; everyone is holding for better prices, which will come in the fall.

During the past four months Pima county has shipped all its surplus stock of beef and feeders, and the ranges, as well as the ranchmen, have been relieved. Next fall when the festive California buyer comes into our market he is going to find a certain extent, on a full pocket and an easy conscience, and who ever heard of a railroad man with an easy conscience in the absence of a full pocket. The railroad employees are a great addition to Tucson.

Commissioner of Immigration Black has started on his tour around the Territory in search of the material for his forthcoming work. He expects to be absent six to eight weeks.

News is received of the severe illness of the Hon. Ben Hereford, District Attorney of Pima county, who is sojourning among relatives in the East for his health. Judge Hereford is an old timer, having friends all over the Territory who will be anxious to hear of his convalescence. Mr. Frank Hereford left on Monday to attend his father.

Judging from what is heard on the street about future buildings to be erected in Tucson, brick and frame will be the material largely employed. This will add much to the appearance of the town and be equally cool and comfortable.

SPORTING EVENTS.

Interest in the Realization of Stakes Yesterday.

Easily Won by Tournament by a Walkover.

Good Racing at Washington Park—Returns from the Rather Yellowish Ball Fields.

By the Associated Press.]

SHEEPSHEAD BAY, July 2.—This was the closing day of the spring meeting of the Coney Island Jockey Club. Heavy rain this morning made the track quite heavy.

The event of the day was the Realization Stakes for three-year-olds, all starters to pay \$250, all of which was to go the second and third horses, the Coney Island Jockey club to receive \$2,000 of the added money, and one-third of the starting colts to carry 122 pounds, fillies and geldings, 119 pounds allowances, mile and five furlongs. The starters were: Torso, Padishah, Banquet, Her Highness, Palisades, King Thomas, Tournament, J. J. Jersey Pat, Lismomy, of which Mr. Morris had great hopes, this morning developed symptoms of lock-jaw and had to be withdrawn. He will probably die.

Tournament was the favorite, with Palisades second choice and Torso and Banquet next. The race was a poor one. From the start Tournament took the lead and increased it constantly. He galloped easily by the post winner by thirty lengths. The only interest in the race was the struggle for second money. The fight was between Banquet and Her Highness, and the latter won by a short head, Banquet third and Padishah, King Thomas, Rancocas and Jersey Pat following. Time, 2:51.

First race, one mile—Diablo won, Reporter second; Granite, third. Time, 1:41.25.

Second race, Double event, three-fourths of a mile—Ruslie won; Strathmore, second; Reckon, third. Time, 1:11.15.

Third race, seven-eighths of a mile—Shover won; Yenger, second; Dalsey, third. Time, 1:30.

Fourth race, Realization stakes, three-year-olds, a mile and five-eighths—Tournament won; Her Highness, second; Banquet, third. Time, 2:51.

Fifth race, Sturup cup, one mile and a half—Cassius won; Prather, second; Eon, third. Time, 2:38.15.

Sixth race, three-fourths of a mile—Le Panta won; Evangeline, second; Tourist, third. Time, 1:13.15.

Seventh race, two miles, on turf—St. Luke won; Little Jim, second; Taragon, third. Time, 3:35.

CHICAGO, July 2.—At Washington Park today the attendance was 4000. The track was fast. In the fourth race, Lizzie B, selling 8 to 1, chance to come home winner in the fast time of 1:45.4; breaking, by one-half of a second, the record made by Catalpa on this track on June 27, 1890.

First race, five eighths of a mile—Bramble Bush won; Woodford, second; Ben March, third. Time, 1:02.4.

Second race, one mile and a sixteenth—Rival won; Gymnast second, Ja Ja third. Time, 1:47.

Third race, half a mile—Pittwin won; Silver Charm second, King Solomon third. Time, 0:49.

Fourth race, a mile and seventy yards—Lizzie B won, White Nose second, Workmate third. Time, 1:45.4.

Fifth race, two miles—Outbound won, Hypocrite second, Spokane third. Time, 3:34.4.

ON THE DIAMOND. The Games Played By the Two Leagues Yesterday.

PITTSBURG, July 2.—The Boston Braves won this afternoon by good batting and the errors of the home team. Attendance, 2100. Score: Pittsburgh, 2; Boston, 4.

CHICAGO, July 2.—The Philadelphia League won today's game by good batting. Attendance, 500. Score: Chicago, 4; Philadelphia, 7.

BUFFALO, July 2.—The Bison Brotherhood won another game from the Brooklyn's today. Score: Buffalo, 17; Brooklyn, 11.

CHICAGO, July 2.—The Local Brotherhood club took their consecutive game from Philadelphia today. King's pitching was the feature. Attendance, 1000. Score: Chicago, 10; Philadelphia, 3.

CINCINNATI, July 2.—The league did not expect much trouble in defeating the Brooklyn's this afternoon. Attendance, 1,500. Score, Cincinnati, 6; Brooklyn, 1.

PITTSBURG, July 2.—The local league team won the game to-day by hard hitting. Attendance, 300. Score, Pittsburgh, 13; New York, 9.

COLUMBUS, July 2.—Columbus, 2; Syracuse, 7.

LOUISVILLE, July 2.—Louisville, 5; Brooklyn, 3.

ST. LOUIS, July 2.—St. Louis, 6; Rochester, 2.

TOLEDO, July 2.—The Athletics kicked against the umpire's decision and forfeited the game 9 to 0, the score standing, Toledo, 2; Athletics, 5.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, July 2.—The Giants took a game from the Cleveland Brotherhood today by good hitting. Attendance, 250. Score: Cleveland, 6; New York, 7.

CLEVELAND, July 2.—The Cleveland and Boston League played two games today for one admission and it required eleven innings to decide each. Timely hitting by the Boston won both games. Attendance, 900. First game. Score:

Cleveland, 4; Boston 5. Second game. Score: Cleveland, 4; Boston 5.

SIGNIFICANT CHANGE.

A Gladstonian Carries a Liberal Union Distinct.

LONDON, July 2.—The Parliamentary election at Barrow in Turness tonight, the outcome of which was looked forward to with much interest and considerable anxiety by all parties, resulted in a victory for the Gladstonian candidate. The vacancy was caused by the resignation of Mr. W. S. Caine, a Liberal Unionist, who wished to test the feeling of his constituency regarding the licensing clauses of the local taxation bill relating to the compensation for publicans, and who resigned just before the election. The vote was: Duncan, Gladstonian, 1994; Wainwright, Conservative, 1802; Caine, Liberal Unionist, 1280. In 1886 Caine was elected as a Liberal by 3212, against 1882 for the Home Rule candidate.

HE WAS MURDERED. The President of San Salvador Was Really Assassinated.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 2.—Senor Dieguez, the Guatemalan minister here, informs the Associated Press representative that he has received a telegram from his government announcing that President Menendez, of San Salvador, was assassinated and did not die a natural death. In addition, the minister says the people say they protest against the usurpation of power of Gen. Ezeta.

Congress of Workmen. NEW YORK, July 1.—The American Federation of Labor today issued a call for an International Congress of workmen in connection with the World's Fair in '93.

Death of George A. Parkhurst. NEW YORK, July 2.—George A. Parkhurst, a well known actor, died suddenly at his home in this city this afternoon. Parkhurst was the last living member of the company that played in the National Theatre, Washington, on the night of the assassination of President Lincoln.

Maine Democrats. AUGUSTA, Maine, July 2.—The Democratic State Convention to-day discussed the insertion into the platform of a resolution submitting to the people again the question of license or prohibition. The resolution was adopted after a stormy debate, by 145 to 99. Following this Mr. Thomson, of Belfast, was nominated for governor by acclamation.

TERRIBLE CATASTROPHE. A Whole Family Wiped Out By An Exploding Lamp.

GREENSBURG, PENN., July 2.—Last night Mrs. Adam Straley went to a store leaving her sick husband in bed and two children, aged 3 and 6, playing about the room. After she left the lamp exploded without warning, throwing the burning oil over the children. Mr. Straley jumped from bed to save his children but he was so weak he fell upon the floor and could not move. When Mrs. Straley returned, a few minutes later, the children were literally roasted and the husband badly burned. Neighbors extinguished the flames with much difficulty. The children are dead. Mr. Straley dying and the wife in a critical condition.

THE GLORIOUS FOURTH.

ARRANGEMENTS PERFECTED FOR ITS CELEBRATION.

The Line of March, the Order of Procession, and the Exercises of the Evening—Brilliant Fireworks.

The Committee of Arrangements of Company B, N. G. A., held a meeting last evening to perfect arrangements for the celebration of the Fourth.

The amount of money on hand was reported to be \$301.75, and a careful estimate of the cost of the celebration is \$400. The deficit will doubtless be made good by further contributions.

The order of the procession was fixed as follows:

Advance Guard.
Band.
Grand Marshal and Aids.
Phoenix Guards.
Grand Army of the Republic.
Governors and Speakers of the Day.
City Council.
Citizens generally.
Secret Order.
Fire Department.

The procession will form on Montezuma street, right resting on City Hall plaza.

Starting at 6:30 p. m., the line of march will be cast on Washington street to Yavapai, countermarch to Mohave, to Monroe, to Yavapai, to Washington, to parade grounds.

Here a salute from the Phoenix Guards will precede the exercises of the evening, which will be substantially as follows:

1.—Selection by the band.
2.—Reading the Declaration of Independence, by Webster Street.
3.—Selection by the band.
4.—Oration by J. W. Crenshaw.
5.—Selection by the band.
6.—Fireworks.

The pyrotechnic display will be exhibited from a large stand at the southeastern corner of the parade ground.

WOULDN'T CHEER FOR THE QUEEN. Instead They Groaned, Because They Had a Grievance.

LONDON, July 2.—The staff of the Central Telegraph Company at London, numbering four hundred persons, refused to cheer for the queen on invitation of the officials in honor of the postal jubilee. Instead of cheering, they groaned for the queen. They also groaned for Postmaster General Ralke, as a protest against his treatment of their demands for an amelioration of their condition.

KEYSTONE DEMOCRATS.

Fire-Eating Platform Full of Exclamation Points.

Quay and Reed Regarded as the Republican Party.

Ex-Governor Pattison Again Nominated for Governor—Chauncey F. Black for Lieutenant.

By the Associated Press.]

SCRANTON, Pa., July 2.—The Democratic State convention for the nomination of State officers met this morning. Mr. Eckley B. Cox was chosen temporary Chairman.

After the recess ex-Postmaster Harry of Philadelphia, was elected permanent chairman.

The platform adopted endorses Cleveland's administration and compares it with Harrison's; recommends ballot reform and such policy in the coinage of silver as will keep both gold and silver coins in circulation, or Treasury notes redeemable in the same; deprecates and denounces the unequal apportionment of districts for the election of Congressmen and expresses the belief that the voters of the State should be allowed to make their own apportionment; accepts the issue of Quayism and says that the silence of Mr. M. S. Quay under the charges made against him through the public press can only be interpreted as a confession of guilt and his retention of a seat in the United States Senate while refusing to demand a legal investigation is a national scandal; the Republican party is arraigned for usurpation of power in the administration of Federal government for placing a dictator in the chair of the speaker of the House; for open disregard of the civil service law; for failures to fulfill the promises to the soldiers; for its ceaseless efforts to promote sectional strife; for the lavish and reckless expenditure of public money; for the passage through the House of the McKinley bill which reduces the tax only on the luxuries; for the failure to enforce laws against the importation of contract and pauper labor; for an attempt to pass a Federal election law, designed to excite a race war; for its corrupt methods in popular elections and cringing subservency to a party boss who stands mute before the most terrible accusations ever made against a public official.

The platform was unanimously adopted.

The following nominations